The People's Korea

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Answers of President KIM IL SUNG

To Questions Put by Chief Editor of "El Sahafa," Organ of Sudanese Government

PYONGYANG, Jun. 4 (KCNA)—Papers in Pyongyang today carry answers given by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, to questions put by the Chief Editor of "El Sahafa," the organ of the Sudanese Government, on April 25, 1974.

Follows the full text of the answers of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung:

Allow me to extend, first of all, thanks to you for your extensive introduction of our Party's *Juche* idea and active support to the revolutionary struggle of our people for national reunification and sociafist construction through the paper "El Sahafa."

Now I should like to answer the questions raised by you.

You asked us if we had the conviction of victory from the first days of the struggle we waged against the Japanese imperialist aggressors.

From childhood we had witnessed the miserable plight of our people downtrodden by the Japanese imperialist aggressors and experienced the sorrow of a stateless nation that tore our hearts asunder.

Occupying Korea, Japanese imperialism established a most brutal and tyrannical colonial rule over our country. The Japanese imperialist aggressors carried away the wealth of our country in a robber-like manner and ruthlessly bled our people white. The Japanese imperialist aggressors savagely trampled underfoot even the elementary right of our people to existence and bloodily suppressed the struggle of our people for freedom and liberation. In the bestial outrages of the Japanese imperialist aggressors, a large number of patriotic people of our country were murdered and the whole country was plunged into a sea of blood.

We could not sit back and look on the beastly outrages of the Japanese imperialist aggressors, the robbers, and the tragic lot of the fellow countrymen who were going in rags and hunger, subjected to maltreatment and humiliation, having lost the country. We took the road of struggle with the firm determination to beat down the Japanese imperialist aggressors and regain the lost fatherland without fail and save the people from distress.

We, of course, had never thought that we could defeat with ease the ferocious Japanese imperialist aggressors armed to the teeth. But, from the first days of our struggle, we were deeply convinced that we could certainly defeat the Japanese imperialist aggressors and achieve the independence of the country.

We firmly believed that we would surely win, as our revolutionary cause against the foreign aggressors and for the freedom and liberation of the people was just. Human history shows that the just struggle of the masses of the oppressed people against exploitation and oppression and for freedom and liberation is sure to be won. It is a law of the development of history that the aggressors and oppressors go to ruin and the popular masses win.

From the first days of our struggle we were convinced that the master of the Korean revolution was the Korean people and, therefore, the Korean people had to and could shape their destiny only by their own efforts. It was our immovable creed that when the popular masses were awakened to revolutionary consciousness and closely united they could display really great force and well defeat the aggressors with their own strength under whatever unfavourable and difficult conditions and win freedom and liberation.

Indescribably arduous was our struggle against the Japanese imperialist aggressors. But we vigorously waged, with firm conviction of victory, the struggle against the Japanese imperialist aggressors by educating in a revolutionary way and firmly uniting all the people who love the country and the nation—workers, peasants, youth and students, religionists and traders and manufacturers—and defeated at last Japanese imperialism and won national liberation.

Next, I would like to tell you how we could liquidate the consequences of colonialism and build on the debris of war a foundation of the economy that could meet all the home demands on its own in a very short historical period.

Our people had been handed down from the old society a dependent and very backward economy handicapped by colonial lopsidedness and even it was totally destroyed in the three year long war. Under the correct guidance of the Workers' Party of Korea, our people successfully carried out postwar rehabilitation of the national economy in a little more than three years by displaying a high degree of creative enthusiasm and patriotic devotion and brilliantly accomplished the historic task of socialist industrialization in a very brief period of 14 years through a continued persevering struggle. As a result, our country, once a backward colonial agricultural state, has now turned into a socialist industrial state with a powerful heavy industry, modern light industry and developed agriculture, which can build the life of the people and manage the economic affairs of the country by itself.

This great victory won in our country is a fruit of the devoted struggle which the entire people have waged to carry through the line of building an independent national economy put forward by the Party by giving full play to the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance.

It was by no means an easy work to build an economy standing on its own legs, equipped with everything it needs, by our own efforts in our country once far removed from modern technological civilization. Moreover, the country divided into the north and south and U.S. imperialism and its stooges constantly engaged in the manoeuvres to provoke a war, our people were faced with innumerable obstacles and difficulties. But, our people valiantly hewed a rough and rugged path for building a new life with the revolutionary consciousness that one is the master of one's own destiny and one should shape one's own destiny and successfully laid an independent foundation of the national economy.

Our Party has firmly adhered to the revolutionary principle of solving all the problems arising in the socialist economic construction by the efforts of our people themselves.

If one lacks the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance, he disbelieves his own strength and does not strive to mobilize the internal resources of his country and thus he cannot develop the economy of the country at fast pace. The aid of other countries is necessary, of course. But only when one relies mainly on his own efforts in his struggle under all circumstances, can he accelerate the revolution and construction at fullest speed. Our Party, therefore, put forth the line of building a rich and powerful fatherland with our own efforts and the home resources, opposing dependence on others, and has energetically organized and mobilized the masses of the people to its implementation.

The masses of the people are the master of the revolution and construction and are directly in charge of them. The success of the revolution and construction depends, after all, on how their creative power is enlisted. Our Party has been able to work great miracles in the socialist economic construction by giving full scope to the inexhaustible creative power of the masses of the people. When our revolution and construction ran against a snag and test, the Party believed in the masses of the people and overcame them by enlisting the strength and wisdom of the masses.

Our experiences suggest that to rely on the masses of the people and get the broad masses into action is the most revolutionary and active method of turning to account all the potentialities and possibilities and hastening the revolution and construction at maximum and herein lies the secret of acceleration of economic construction at a very fast rate.

Next, let me explain the reason why we oppose the admission of "two Koreas" to the United Nations.

As you know, U.S. imperialism and its followers put forward a proposal for separate membership for "two Koreas" in the United Nations at its general assembly last year.

The proposal for separate U.N. membership for "two Koreas" is a product of the "two Koreas" policy which had been pursued by the U.S. imperialists. When they failed in their wild design to swallow up the whole of Korea by invading the northern half of the Republic, the U.S. imperialists came out with the "two Koreas" policy for the purpose of keeping our country divided into two for ever and retaining south Korea at least as their aggressive military base and commodity market. The south Korean authorities are zealously following the "two Koreas" policy of the U.S. imperialists to prolong, if only a few days, the military fascist "regime" which is shaking to its very foundation.

We can never accept the proposal of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges for the simultaneous entry of "two Koreas" into the United Nations. If the north and the south enter the United Nations separately, the country remaining split, our country will be left divided for ever into two. This entirely runs counter to the will and desire of our people. The permanent division of the country will spell immeasurable misfortunes and sufferings to our people and lay a great obstacle also to the future development of our nation.

Our people who have lived as a homogeneous nation with one culture and one language down through history do not want the split of the nation, but want only reunification. If there are in our country persons who oppose the country's reunification and want her division, they are only a few persons in authority, landlords and comprador capitalists in south Korea.

From the first days of the division of the country into the north and the south due to the occupation of south Korea by the U.S. imperialist aggressor forces, we have waged a strenuous struggle to reunify the country independently in a peaceful way. Last year when the splitting manoeuvres of the splittists within and without became more undisguised, we declared that the north and the south should not enter the United Nations separately and that if they are to enter it before the country is reunified, they should do so as a single state under the single national title of the Confederal Republic of Koryo at least after the confederation is set up.

The sincere efforts of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and our policy for entering the United Nations as a single state have enlisted the unqualified support of the progressive people the world over. Last year the United Nations General Assembly actively supported the three principles of national reunification, the keynote of which is independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity put forward by us, and thanks to the active efforts of the representatives of the Sudan and many other countries of the world, it adopted a decision on immediately dissolving the "United Nations Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea," a body on the U.S. imperialists' payroll and their tool of interference in other's internal affairs, and decisively checked and frustrated the plot of simultaneous admission of "two Koreas" to the United Nations pushed ahead by the U.S. imperialists and their stooges. This once again patently proved the unquestioned correctness of the line of the independent and peaceful reunification of the country invariably and firmly upheld by us.

At the Third Session of the Fifth Supreme People's Assembly held some time ago, the Government of our Republic took another active measure to create favourable prerequisites for the achievement of the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

In a letter sent to the Congress of the United States in the name of the Supreme People's Assembly, we proposed talks on the question of concluding with the United States a peace agreement whose main content would be that both sides shall not invade the other side and shall discontinue arms reinforcement and arms race and that the United States shall not interfere in the internal affairs of Korea nor obstruct her reunification and shall withdraw the U.S. troops occupying south Korea and our country shall not be made a military base or operational base of any foreign country after the withdrawal of the U.S. troops.

Today in our country it is necessary to change the armistice agreement into a durable peace agreement for removing the tension created between the north and the south and accelerating the independent and peaceful reunification of the country. The Government of the Republic has made tireless efforts for the solution of this question in the past and held dialogue with the south Korean authorities. But the south Korean authorities have not accepted any of the just proposals made by us, but, on the contrary, further intensified war preparations and splitting manoeuvres with the backing of the U.S. imperialists.

Facts showed that the south Korean authorities had neither intention nor capacity to solve the question of concluding a peace agreement. Under such condition we consider that it is most appropriate to discuss this question directly with the United States, a signatory to the Korean Armistice Agreement and the very one who holds real power to guarantee a peace agreement.

The just step taken by us at the recent Supreme People's Assembly Session is warmly welcomed and supported by many countries and progressive peoples of the world. But the U.S. authorities have made no positive response as yet to it. If the U.S. authorities turn down our just proposal to the end, they would clearly show once again to the world people that the U.S. imperialists are the most shameless aggressors violating the sovereignty of our people and hampering the reunification of Korea and the vicious foe of peace.

The Government of our Republic will as ever strengthen solidarity with the socialist countries, countries of the third world and progressive peoples of the rest of the world and keep waging a tireless struggle to realise the independent and peaceful reunification of the country with their active support and encouragement.

I take this opportunity to express deep thanks to the Government and people of the Sudan for their active support and encouragement to our Party's policy of independent and peaceful reunification and the struggle of the Korean people for its realisation.

Now, I will briefly refer to our stand concerning the settlement of the Near and Middle East question.

The Near and Middle East question has arisen as a result of the imperialists' aggressive schemes to strangle the anti-imperialist national liberation movement of the Arab peoples and place this region under their domination by instigating the Zionists. It is entirely due to the shameless aggressive manoeuvres of the Zionists and the imperialists, their manipulator, that the Near and Middle East question has remained unsolved so far and a war broke out more than once in this region. It is no more than a trick to cover their black-hearted aggressive intention and fish in troubled waters in this region that now the U.S. imperialist are acting as if they are a "mediator" for peace in the Near and Middle East.

For a smooth solution of the Near and Middle East question, first of all, an end must be put to the aggressive schemes of the U.S. imperialists and the Zionists in this region. And the Israeli aggressors must completely pull out of the occupied Arab land and the legitimate right of the Palestinian people must be restored. The Near and Middle East question cannot be settled fairly and there can be no durable peace in this region so long as the imperialists persist in their aggressive scheme in this region, the Israeli aggressors keep their occupation of the Arab land and the legitimate right of the Palestinian people is not restored.

We consider that the Near and Middle East question must be settled on all accounts in conformity with the will and interests of the Arab peoples and in the interest of their cause of liberation. No matter in what way the Near and Middle East question may be settled, if it suits the demand of the Arab peoples, we will actively support it.

Today the Arab peoples are waging a staunch struggle against the Israeli aggressors and the imperialists, their instigator. The anti-imperialist, anti-Israeli struggle of the Arab peoples is a just struggle to defend national independence and dignity, restore the occupied Arab land and realize the Palestinian people's cause of liberation. The righteous struggle of the Arab peoples enjoys the support and sympathy of the world people.

The Korean people will in the future, too, as in the past, resolutely support the valiant struggle of the entire Arab peoples against the aggression of Zionism and imperialism and always remain an intimate comrade-in-arms of the Arab peoples in the struggle against the common enemy.

Let me now mention briefly our views on the present situation and future of Asia.

In the past the imperialists had exploited the people and plundered resources in Asia for centuries and imposed a harsh colonial rule upon the peoples in this region. But the Asia of today is not the Asia of yesterday which had been an object of unbridled plunder and oppression by the imperialists.

Today the Asian people, firmly taking their destiny in their own hands, are making a dynamic advance following the banner of anti-imperialism and independence. The peoples of the overwhelming majority of Asian countries have already won national independence and many peoples are waging a courageous struggle against the aggression of imperialism and for achieving complete national independence and the country's independent development.

In Asia, the people's forces for peace and democracy, national independence and socialism are growing in scope and strength with each passing day, whereas the imperialists' manoeuvres of aggression and intervention are going to total bankruptcy.

All facts strikingly show that the Asian situation is developing in favour of the people and to the disadvantage of the imperialist aggressors and that the master of Asia is the Asian people.

The U.S. imperialists are viciously scheming to save themselves from the quagmire, far from drawing a proper lesson from the bankruptcy of their policy of aggression toward Asia and pulling out of it. The U.S. imperialists attempt to realise their aggressive ambition by means of making the Asian people fight against each other in line with the "Nixon doctrine," while intensifying the war manoeuvres and placatory and deceptive tricks under the cunning double-dealing tactics.

The U.S. imperialists scheme to achieve their aggressive aim and bolster up their crumbling colonial ruling system by instigating the Japanese militarists and other reactionaries and puppets in Asia. Today, Japanese militarism revived under the wings of U.S. imperialism is recklessly trying to realise its old dream of the "Greater East Asia Co-prosperity Sphere" by availing itself of the Asian strategy of U.S. imperialism, and the Asian puppets of U.S. imperialism, too, are making a desperate effort to save themselves from the doom by clinging to the sleeves of their master.

U.S. imperialism is trampling underfoot peace and security in Asia. It is the basic obstacle to the independent development of the countries in this region and No. one common enemy of the Asian people.

The future prosperity of Asia can be realized only when the U.S. imperialists are completely driven out of Asia and their manoeuvres of aggression and intervention against the Asian countries checked.

The Asian people who are well aware through their long historic experience that only through their own struggle can they frustrate all sorts of aggressive and interventionist manoeuvres of the foreign imperialists and achieve national independence and the country's independent development, will surely expel the U.S. imperialists from all parts of Asia by waging the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle more forcefully.

There are many revolutionary countries and many fighting countries in Asia. The anti-imperialist, revolutionary consciousness of the Asian people is very high. Today the peoples of more and more countries in Asia are closely united on the one joint front against imperialism. The Asian people will solve all questions in Asia in their favour and build a new, peaceful and prospering Asia not by intervention and coercion of any outside forces, but through their just struggle.

Next, I would like to mention the question of the relations between Korea and the Sudan.

Korea and the Sudan are apart from each other geographically by a long distance. But the peoples of the two countries are in a very friendly and close relationship. The peoples of our two countries are intimate comrades-in-arms and brothers struggling against the common enemy.

The relations of friendship and cooperation between our people and the Sudanese people have been further strengthened and developed since the May Revolution in the Sudan. In particular, the visit of President Gaafar Mohamed Nimeri to our country marked an epochal occasion in strengthening and developing the relations of friendship and cooperation established between the peoples of the two countries on the common front of the anti-imperialist struggle. Occasioned by this visit, the relations of friendship and cooperation between our two countries entered a new stage of development in all spheres. Our people always remember the good impressions left by President Nimeri when he was visiting our country.

The relations of friendship and cooperation between our people and the Sudanese people and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Government of the Democratic Republic of the Sudan are steadily expanding and developing and the ties between our Party and the Sudan Socialist Union are also strengthening. The peoples of our two countries understand each other well and closely cooperate with each other because they had been exploited and oppressed by the imperialist aggressors in the past and are now struggling to build a rich and strong, sovereign and independent state under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people are satisfied with the relations between Korea and the Sudan and will make in the future, too, every effort to strengthen and develop the unity and cooperative relations with the Sudanese people.

It is a principle held fast to by our Government and people with all consistency to develop the relations of fraternity with the new-born independent states of Asia, Africa and Latin America, learn from each other and support and cooperate with each other. The Korean people will always actively support and encourage the just struggle of the Sudanese people against all manner of subversive activities of imperialism and for the building of an independent national economy and national culture.

I would like to take this opportunity to sincerely wish still greater success to the struggle of the Sudanese people who are courageously shattering the subversive activities and sabotages of the imperialists, firmly defending the gains of the May Revolution and striving to liquidate the aftermath of the imperialist colonial rule, achieve the independent development of the country and develop the national economy under the correct leadership of President Nimeri.

President Kim Il Sung received on May 30 the delegation of the Sudan Socialist Union.

(KCNA Radiophoto)

President KIM IL SUNG

Receives Delegations of Koreans from Japan

PYONGYANG, June 2 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, received on June 1 the delegation of Koreans and the delegation of the Democratic Union of Korean Women in Japan which are visiting the glorious socialist fatherland from Japan and spending significant days.

Present on the occasion were Director of the General Affairs Department of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongryun) Chong Jun Yong, head of the delegation of Koreans from Japan which has come to the homeland to extend thanks to the respected and beloved leader Marshal Kim Il Sung for the remittance of educational aid fund and stipends amounting to 15,000 million yen, and its entire members, and vice-Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of the Democratic Union of Korean Women in Japan Pak Ae Yong, head of the delegation of the Democratic Union of Korean Women in Japan which has come to the homeland after successfully concluding its work at the Bureau and Council Sessions of the Women's International Democratic Federation, and its entire members.

On hand were Comrade Kim Jung Rin, Comrade Kim Song Ae, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Korean Democratic Women's Union, and responsible personages concerned—Kim Ju Yong, Song Se Chang and Ho Ryon Suk.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was so gracious as to come outside to warmly meet the members of the delegations and shook hands with each of them.

The members of the delegations shouted again and again "Long live the great leader Marshal Kim Il Sung!" weeping hot tears, overwhelmed with infinite joy and emotion at being received personally by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the sun of the nation and tender-hearted father, whom they had longed to see even in dreams in a far-off alien land, with such infinite respect and adoration, holding him in high esteem with allegiance.

On the occasion, the head of the delegation of Koreans in Japan said that the 600,000 compatriots and Korean students in Japan extend warm thanks to the respected and beloved leader Marshal Kim Il Sung from the bottom of their hearts for the remittance of a large sum of educational aid fund and stipends amounting to 16,206,683,533 yen in Japanese currency in 55 instalments so far for the development of the democratic national education of the children of compatriots in Japan.

The head of the delegation went on to say that the leader brightly lights the road of Chongryun with the rays of the great *Juche* idea and shows all warm love and solicitude for the development of the work of Chongryun and the democratic national education of the compatriots in Japan. It is thanks to the wise guidance and great solicitude of the leader that the children of Koreans in Japan cherish high national pride and are growing healthily with the firm determination to remain loyal to the leader generation after generation.

The head of the delegation of the Democratic Union of Korean Women in Japan extended, in the name of the entire Korean women in Japan, warm thanks and highest honour to the great leader who leads the compatriots and Korean women in Japan always along the one road of victory and glory. We renew our resolution to remain faithful to the fatherly leader, awake or asleep, she said.

On the occasion, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, referring to the grand socialist construction going on vigorously in the homeland and to the ten major perspective goals of socialist construction, said that in the homeland unity is firm and socialist construction is also progressing successfully. The leader gave important teachings which would be a guiding compass to the work and life of Chongryun and compatriots in Japan.

The leader had photographs taken with them.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, together with his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae, arranged a luncheon in honour of the delegation of Koreans in Japan and the delegation of the Democratic Union of Korean Women in Japan.

President KIM IL SUNG Receives Foreign Guests

Sudan Socialist Union

PYONGYANG (KCNA)—The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received the visiting delegation of the Sudan Socialist Union on May 30.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Mohamed Hashim Awad, Member of the General Secretariat of the Sudan Socialist Union and Secretary General for Development and Service of the SSU.

On hand were Comrade Chong Jun Gi, vice-Premier of the Administration Council, and personages concerned Rim Hyong Gu and Kim Gil Hyon.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung cordially met the members of the delegation and had a warm and friendly talk with the guests.

On the occasion the head of the delegation expressed deep thanks to the leader for receiving his delegation in person, though he was very busy, and conveyed the militant greetings of His Excellency President Gaafar Mohamed Nimeri to President Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved leader of our people.

Saying that during their stay in Korea they saw with deep impression the great successes gained by the Korean people in the socialist construction, he stressed: Such achievements can be made only in Chollima Korea, Korea of *Juche* under the wise guidance of the great leader President Kim Il Sung.

The Sudanese people, he said, always remember the support and just stand the great leader of the Korean people President Kim Il Sung and the Korean people expressed when the Sudanese revolution and Arab peoples were undergoing hard trials, and are grateful for this.

The head of the delegation assured that the Sudanese people would remain a faithful friend of the Korean people for ever till they reunify the country peacefully without outside interference.

The leader said that he remembered the support of the Sudanese people to the struggle of our people and asked the head of the delegation to convey the greetings of our people to the Sudanese people upon returning home.

The Korean people, the leader said, are rejoiced as over their own over the great successes made by the Sudanese people in the struggle for national independence and freedom under the leadership of His Excellency President Gaafar Mohamed Nimeri, brother. Noting that it was great joy to significantly celebrate together the fifth anniversary of the victory of the May Revolution of the Sudanese people, the leader said: All the achievements of the Sudanese and Korean peoples will greatly contribute to strengthening the forces of the third world.

Congo Military Mission

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on June 1 the military delegation of the People's Republic of the Congo on a visit to our country.

Present there were the members of the delegation headed by Major Tsika-Kabala Victor, Chief of the General Staff of the Congolese National People's Army.

Also present there were Comrade General O Jin U, Chief of the General Staff of the Korean People's Army, and Lieutenant General Chang Jong Hwan of the KPA.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly welcomed the visit of the military delegation of the People's Republic of the Congo to our country and had a talk with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

On the occasion the head of the delegation conveyed warm congratulations and fraternal greetings of His Excellency President Marien Ngouabi to the leader and expressed heartfelt thanks to the leader for receiving his delegation so cordially.

The head of the delegation said that, while staying in Korea, his delegation had been deeply impressed by the great successes made by the Korean people under the wise leadership of the great leader of the Korean people President Kim Il Sung and by the admirable features of the servicemen of the People's Army giving a helping hand to the people, while firmly defending the fatherland. Through our visit, we have gained greater successes and lessons than we had hoped, he added.

Saying that the visit of the military delegation of the People's Republic of the Congo to our country is a great encouragement to the struggle of our people for the building of socialism and the independent reunification of the country, the leader asked the head of the delegation to convey his warm and fraternal greetings to His Excellency President Marien Ngouabi who sent the delegation.

Peruvian Editor And His Wife

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, together with his wife, received on June 2 Efrain Luis Caro, editor of the Peruvian daily "Expreso," and his wife on a visit to our country.

Present there was Kim Gwan Sop, Chairman of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly welcomed the visit of the guests to our country and had a conversation with them in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Giving impressions of our country, the editor of the daily "Expreso" noted with admiration that in Korea socialist construction is making rapid progress at a high rate never to be seen in any other parts of the world and highly praised Korea as a model in maintaining independence.

The leader inquired after the health of Juan Velasco Alvarado, President of the Republic of Peru, highly appreciated the policy and especially the progressive reforms enforced by him and his claim for 200-mile territorial waters and expressed full support to them.

The editor said that his country could raise such claim because it was taught by the Korean people that the imperialists are by no means an invincible enemy. He added: I, therefore, deem it greatest joy and honour to have an audience of you Marshal who defeated the U.S. imperialists.

The leader said that the whole world, to say nothing of the third world, demands independence and ours is an era of independence.

The leader told about the successes and experiences gained in the course of carrying on the revolution and construction by firmly adhering to the independent stand in our country.

The editor said that he would widely propagate the *Juche* idea founded by Marshal Kim Il Sung, so that the revolution of his country may be successfully fulfilled in conformity with its specific conditions.

The leader, together with his wife, hosted a luncheon in honour of the guests.

DPRK Unanimously Admitted to Universal Postal Union

The May 29 Session of the 17th Congress of the Universal Postal Union held in Lausanne discussed the question of the admission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the U.P.U. and decided to accept the DPRK to the U.P.U., according to a report.

A 50-nation joint resolution calling for the admission of the DPRK to the Universal Postal Union proposed by socialist countries and countries of Asia, Africa and Latin America with Algeria as the active promoter was passed at the session with a unanimous approval of the delegates without voting.

The admission of our country to the Universal Postal Union is another brilliant victory of the independent, principled and fair foreign policy of our Party and the Government of the Republic set forth by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and a striking demonstration of the high authority and prestige of the DPRK.

According to a report, in their speeches Algerian delegate and other delegates of third world countries unanimously demanded that the DPRK be admitted to the U.P.U. as its full-fledged member and strongly maintained that the DPRK's admission to the U.P.U. be decided directly at the session, independently of the existing admission procedures and rules of the organisation.

This atmosphere prevailed in the meeting hall. Much upset by this, the south Korean puppet "delegate" made incoherent and nonsensical remarks and resorted to every foolish trick to prevent the DPRK's admission to the U.P.U., talking about admission procedures and rules of the U.P.U. But the untenable argument of the south Korean puppet "delegate" was instantly refuted and he suffered bitter disgrace. As the atmosphere of the session clearly showed how the question would be decided, the U.S. imperialists and their followers, crestfallen, did not dare to reject the just proposal of the delegates of third world countries for deciding upon the DPRK's admission to the U.P.U. directly at the session.

Amid this atmosphere the chairman of the session solemnly declared the adoption of the 50-nation joint resolution calling for the prompt admission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the Universal Postal Union with a unanimous approval without voting. The attendants of the session welcomed the chairman's declaration with warm applause.

The decision approving the DPRK's admission to the U.P.U. adopted with a unanimous approval at the May 29 session said that it has formally approved the acceptance of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea as member of the Universal Postal Union, considering that the DPRK has its permanent observer mission at the United Nations, the DPRK is a member of the World Health Organisation and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, both U.N. specialized organisations, and the DPRK has been widely recognized internationally.

The course of the discussion of the question of admitting of the DPRK to the U.P.U. at its 17th Congress fully reflects the fundamental change in the development of our time when the peoples of the third world countries have appeared on the arena of history as its masters, dynamically advancing under the uplifted banner of independence, and strikingly shows the irresistible and tremendous impact of the third world upon the development of the international relations. This, at the same time, once again convincingly proves that if the peoples of the third world countries firmly unite and fight resolutely for a common cause, they can certainly shatter any machinations of the imperialists and abolish the old order and system detrimental to the demands of the time and people and successfully establish new order and system.

Much flurried by this stark reality, the south Korean puppet clique in a "statement of the spokesman of the foreign ministry" prattled that now they "do not oppose" the DPRK's admission to the U.P.U. in a dastardly attempt to use the question of the DPRK's admission to the U.P.U. for their foul political purpose to justify the "two Koreas" plot. But this is no more than a despicable and foolish plot of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to hide their setbacks. They feel extremely uneasy about and fearful of the sharp rise of the international prestige of our Republic and their daily deepening international isolation.

The DPRK's admission to the U.P.U. once again patently proves that with nothing can the U.S. imperialists and their followers impair the authority and prestige of the DPRK and it has become an irresistible trend of the times that more and more countries support the DPRK and extend recognition to it.

(KCNA)

KIM IL SUNG-ism: Contemporary Marxism-Leninism (3)

Juche Idea Quintessence of Marxist-Leninist Ideological and Theoretical System

(Continued from No. 690 issue)

The respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung said: **"... the Marxist-Leninist idea of Juche constitutes the quintessence of the revolutionary ideas of our Party, the unitary ideology of the Party, and the unitary ideological system of our Party is the ideological system of Juche."**

The *Juche* idea forms the ideological, theoretical and methodological basis of Kim Il Sung-ism.

The *Juche* idea is a perfect form of developed Marxist-Leninist philosophy, political economics and scientific communist theory. The following have been provided for the first time: theory on the law governing the revolutionary development in a colonial semi-feudal society, that on the building of socialism and communism, strategy and tactics to complete the world revolution in defeating imperialism never to revive, and that on the building of a Marxist-Leninist Party, the general staff of revolution, and on its lead role.

The *Juche* idea is the contemporary Marxist-Leninist guiding principle and a great revolutionary thought whose vitality has proved invincible in the long years of revolutionary struggles. The scientific *Juche* idea comes in total agreement with the fundamental principles of Marxism-Leninism, is a comprehensive reflex of the new stage of development of the international communist movement and meets its essential requirements and those of the Korean revolution. The idea equips man with a revolutionary world outlook and serves as an effective ideological and theoretical weapon with which to win revolution and carry construction to success.

What distinguishes Kim Il Sung-ism from all the preceding working-class revolutionary ideas lies in that it is based on the *Juche* concept and a perfect monolithic system of revolutionary theories and methods of revolutionary leadership.

The respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung said:

"...our time is now changing into an era in which the oppressed and maltreated peoples are emerging on the stage of history as masters whereas the imperialists are destined to fall like the setting sun in the western sky."

Our time is a new era, an era of *Juche*, entirely different from all the preceding periods.

The main problem in characterizing any era is which class or social force dominates the era in its contents and the direction of its development. The present age sees the working class and other people at large becoming the masters of their own destiny and establishing control over the world. The masses of people, living in this new era, are moving toward an independent and creative exploration of history.

This revolutionary trend is fully reflected in the *Juche* idea which has captured the minds of all the peoples the world over. The *Juche* idea has won an international recognition as the sole correct guiding principle for all the progressive movements of the world.

Juche Essence

The revolutionary essence of the *Juche* thought is lucidly defined in the following statement made by President Kim Il Sung:

"Juche means that the people themselves are the masters of the revolution and construction; they are the motive force to carry both to success. Juche means that one is responsible for one's own destiny; that we, as a people, have the capacity to shape our own destiny."

This definition is a preeminent philosophy that provides a profound scientific settlement of the issue involving the position and role of the masses of people in revolution and construction.

The basis for this is the fundamental principle of the *Juche* thought that it is man who is the master of all things and decides everything.

The approach to the position and role of man in the actual world and to the socio-class essential aspect of man is a matter of key importance involving the type of a world outlook since it concerns the fundamental stand and method of understanding and remaking nature and society and the possibility of man shaping his own destiny in an aggressive manner.

His claim to the basis of the *Juche* concept is totally supported when man is found to be a social creature to whom independence is life and with an ideological consciousness deciding his action.

Man won't blindly obey the objective laws of nature and society and tries to remake both as their master to meet his purpose and will. Less degree of restriction from nature and society is an increased freedom as an independent social being. Labor and socio-political activity are an effort on the part of man to preserve his independence and increase freedom.

Any practical activity of man to get rid of the restraint from nature and society is far from being an isolated one but is always within a group; therefore, practically speaking, no man exists without society or group, and man becomes a social being with socio-political life being his inherent quality.

This is the reason to justify the struggle of man to defend his independence and that of a nation to safeguard its sovereignty. No force on the earth could not hold in check such just struggle of the masses of people and a nation.

Although the consciousness of man reflects the material conditions of social life, his way of conduct is directly determined by his ideological consciousness.

Incorporated into the *Juche* concept are the fundamental stand and method to be maintained in order to increase to maximum the role of the masses of people as the masters in revolution and construction. The independent stand and the creative stand are principal component parts of the thought as the fundamental stand and method toward revolution and construction, toward scientific cognition and practice in revolution.

The independent approach concerns the responsibility and rights of the masses of people as the masters, while the creative attitude is the method to be used in remodelling nature and society.

The first rejects dependence upon others, demands an independent thinking and urges an independent decision and faith in tackling all the problems. Crucial is trust in one's own strength, revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and responsibility.

The second calls for creative initiative and wisdom of the masses of people in wrestling with all the problems arising in revolution and construction in such a way as to square with the requirements of revolutionary practice and specific realities of the circumstances.

These twin approaches are indispensable to the successful conduct of revolution and construction. The two are closely working upon each other. The former is motivated with the latter, while the latter is effective only based on the former.

Revolutionary Principles

Juche in ideology, independence in politics, self-sustenance in the economy and self-reliance in national defense are revolutionary principles based upon the two approaches. The principles enable the masses of people to become real masters of revolution and construction, topple the exploiter society trampling upon independence, set free themselves from all social fetters and lead an independent and creative life.

A major distinction of the *Juche* thought is its unique working-class revolutionary world outlook, perfect in all aspects, which is an all-purpose ideological, theoretical, practical and methodological weapon. The *Juche* world outlook is a view of the world with man at its centre as the lord of nature and society.

President Kim Il Sung clarified for the first time in world history in a most satisfactory way the mutual relations between man and the objective world, man's status in the real world, the position and role of the masses of people as masters of revolution and construction, the fundamental stand and method in knowing and reforming nature and society, and a new revolutionary viewpoint of paying primary attention to man in thinking and action and serving man.

The *Juche* idea is a highly effective weapon for destroying all hues of reactionary and opportunist ideologies, such as flunkeyism, dogmatism and national nihilism which paralyse man's independence, creative wisdom and vigor.

The *Juche* concept is a genuine proletarian internationalist idea on which the revolution in each country can serve the world revolution. The *Juche* idea makes it possible for the masses of people in each country to push ahead with revolution and construction faster and better which in turn leads to greater contribution to the development of the world revolution. This means a parallel correct performance of the national and international tasks.

The experiences in the Korean revolution and the world revolution are an undeniable demonstration of the invincible vitality of the *Juche* idea which is an essential quality of Kim Il Sung-ism, the sole guiding principle of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the contemporary Marxist-Leninist guiding idea for the world revolution.

(To be continued)

National Cong. or N.-S. Political Consultation Will Lead to Reunification: Rodong Sinmun

PYONGYANG, May 30 (KCNA)—Rodong Sinmun (organ of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea) in an article today stresses that it is the only way for realizing Korea's reunification to convene a great national congress or a north-south political consultative meeting.

The article says:

Noting in his historic March 1 speech that the question of reunification of the country should not be discussed only between the authorities of the north and the south, but be referred to the entire nation for discussion, if it is to be solved in a peaceful way, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"In this connection, we propose once again to convene a great national congress or a north-south political consultative meeting participated in by the representatives of all political parties and social organizations and personages of all strata in the north and the south, apart from the existing North-South Coordination Commission. This is the only way for realizing the reunification of Korea."

The leader's line of convening a great national congress or a north-south political consultative meeting brilliantly embodies in the solution of the question of the country's reunification the essential demand of his great *Juche* idea that one is the master of one's destiny and one has the strength to shape one's own destiny; this is a most judicious nation-saving measure making it possible to prevent the danger of the permanent split of the nation by the internal forces of our people and hew the road of reunification in compliance with the demand of the obtaining situation and the will of the entire people by actively drawing the representatives of all the political parties and public organizations and personages of all circles in the north and the south in accomplishing the cause of reunification; this is a fair and realistic line acceptable to every one who is truly concerned for the destiny of the fatherland and nation.

To hold a great national congress or a north-south political consultative meeting is an essential demand arising from the nation-wide character of the reunification question and the basic principle of its solution.

To convene either of them is more urgent than ever before under the actual conditions in which the dialogue between the north and the south has been brought to a deadlock and an artificial obstacle is lying in the way of the coordination commission due to the open splitting manoeuvres of the south Korean puppet clique.

The mission of the North-South Coordination Commission is practically to settle the question of reunification, reflecting the will and desire of the broad masses of people for national reunification.

Therefore, to convene a great national congress or a north-south political consultative meeting is an essential condition for the coordination commission to fully discharge its mission as a joint organization of the north and the south and to practically contribute to the accomplishment of the cause of reunification.

The line of holding a great national congress or a north-south political consultative meeting, independent of the coordination commission, as we proposed, is a task of the whole nation; it is a pressing and matured question that must be solved without fail to promote the country's reunification in view of the nation-wide character of the reunification question, in view of the mission of the coordination commission which should discuss and solve the reunification question, reflecting the will of the people, and in view of the urgent demand of the development of the situation for promoting the north-south dialogue and achieving national unity.

The line of holding a great national congress or a north-south political consultative meeting put forward by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is the most just one thoroughly embodying the great *Juche* idea.

The master of the question of national reunification is the entire Korean people who have vital interests in it; the motive force to carry out the supreme task of our nation and the decisive force to put an end to the tragedy of national split are none other than the masses of the entire people.

The great national congress and the north-south political consultative meeting envisage the discussion and solution of the reunification question with the participation of the representatives of all strata—workers and peasants and the youth and students and intellectuals. They will enable the whole nation to play its role as the master and motive force of national reunification.

Only by holding a great national congress or a north-south political consultative meeting to actively draw all the patriotic forces in the accomplishment of the cause of national reunification and put together the general will of the whole nation, is it possible to enhance to the highest degree the enthusiasm of the entire people for reunification and their role as the master and give the fullest play to them and to solve the question of national reunification in conformity with the will and demand of the people.

The line of convening a great national congress or a north-south political consultative meeting is a most democratic and reasonable one for achieving national reunification in conformity with the will of the Korean people and the interests of the nation.

The article continues:

A great national congress or a north-south political consultative meeting to be made up with representatives of all strata will enable the people of all walks of life, all the political parties and groupings in the north and the south to send their representatives and freely express their will on the reunification question and open-heartedly search the way of reunification to find national commonness in the solution of the reunification question. It, therefore, will help to accomplish the great cause of the nation in conformity with the will of our people and the interests of the nation.

The line of convening a great national congress or a north-south political consultative meeting is the most correct nation-saving line to promote the solution of the question of national reunification in accordance with the three principles of national reunification put forth by the leader—independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity.

Indeed, this line is the way for restoring the severed national ties and remarkably increasing the internal forces of the nation and the way for making our people shape the destiny of the nation by their own efforts with the consciousness and keen sense of responsibility as the master of the reunification question. This line is the way for overcoming the present difficulty and practically promoting the cause of national reunification and is the right path of realizing Korea's reunification.

The article goes on:

Nevertheless, the south Korean ruling quarters oppose this just line of ours, abusing it as one intended to use the dialogue in favour of the "unification through communization" and convert it into a "place of political propaganda" and the like.

The so-called "unification through communization" is a balderdash invented by the south Korean ruling quarters to justify their treacheries and perfidious splitting manoeuvres and to sling mud at us.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are hurling malicious slanders at this principled and correct proposal of ours, far from accepting it. This clearly shows that they have no intention to solve the question of reunification in accordance with the three principles agreed upon between the two sides and by the concerted efforts of the whole nation and are captivated with the wild ambition for "prevail-over-communism unification."

The Pak Jung Hi clique are afraid so much of the convocation of a great national congress or a north-south political consultative meeting, because they do not want in the least the country's reunification, but pursue the heinous aim to maintain the status quo, making a mockery of our people with the question of reunification.

To actively struggle for carrying into practice our patriotic proposal for holding a great national congress or a north-south political consultative meeting to dispel the tragedy of national split and hew the path of reunification is a noble national task for all the political parties, public organizations and personages of all circles of south Korea who want the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

The representatives of all the political parties and public organizations and personages of all circles in the north and the south should wage a struggle to sit at one place and jointly take nation-saving measures, smashing the splitting manoeuvres of the Pak Jung Hi clique.

It is high time all the patriotic people, political parties and public organizations and figures of all circles at home and abroad loving the fatherland and the nation became conscious of their noble national duty to history and the times and turned out as one in the sacred struggle for overcoming the present deadlock and promoting the cause of national reunification, united close under the banner of independent reunification transcending ideology and ideal.

If a great national congress or a north-south political consultative meeting for the acceleration of the country's independent and peaceful reunification is to be convened, the freedom of political activities and democracy should be guaranteed firmly to all the political parties, public organizations and people of all strata in south Korea.

In south Korea, the "Central Intelligence Agency," the den of gangsters, must be disbanded, the "state of emergency" and "emergency measures," unheard-of fascist suppressive orders, be repealed without delay, the "anti-communist law" and "national security law" be abolished, the illegally arrested patriots be released and the freedom of speech, the press, assembly, association, demonstration and strike, the freedom of thought, freedom of political activities and the freedom of activities for national reunification be guaranteed.

It is a national desire of our people and an urgent demand of the times to realise the country's independent and peaceful reunification through a wide-range north-south political consultation.

No one, no reactionary force, can dampen this unanimous aspiration of the nation and the demand of the times.

Our people will surely bring to brilliant accomplishment the national cause of the country's reunification with the united strength of the north and the south, upholding the line put forth by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

DPRK Public Bodies Jointly Warn Pak Clique against Fascist Suppression

PYONGYANG, Jun. 4 (KCNA)—If the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique rush headlong along the road of fascism and treachery and perpetuation of national split against the unanimous aspirations of the south Korean youth and students and people, they will face a stern judgement by history and people.

This warning was served in a joint statement on June 3 by the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland, the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland, the Korean National Peace Committee, the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea, the Union of Agricultural Working People of Korea, the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea, the Korean Democratic Women's Union, the General Federation of Literary and Art Unions of Korea, the Korean Journalists Union, the Korean Democratic Lawyers Association, the Korean Democratic Scientists Association, the Korean Students Committee, the Korean Christians Federation and the Korean Buddhists Federation.

The statement said:

According to the so-called "results of the investigation into the 'case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy'" published by the south Korean puppet "prosecution division of the extraordinary military tribunal" on May 27, the ferocious Pak Jung Hi fascist hangmen had arrested and detained during the last 2 months over 1,000 south Korean patriotic youth and students and democratic figures on charges of "involvement in the case" and put them to brutal tortures, and illegally charged 253 of them with violation of "emergency measures No. 4 and No. 1," violation of the "national security law" and "anti-communist law" and "preliminary intrigues for rebellion and agitation of rebellion" and so on and are frenziedly working to impose penalties upon 54 persons who have already been referred to the military tribunal in the first batch.

This fascist row of murder raised by the Pak Jung Hi clique is the worst fascist outrage without precedent and another unpardonable sanguinary reactionary offensive against the south Korean youth and students and people aspiring after the democratization of the society and the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and most barbarous political terrorism.

The statement recalled that the south Korean youth and students formed the "National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy" and valiantly rose in a patriotic struggle under the slogans "Away with Revitalized Dictatorship!" "Dissolve the Central Intelligence Agency, the Chieftain of Violence!" and "To Hell with Dependence on Japan!" and they were joined by intellectuals, men of the press, religionists and patriotic people of other strata in south Korea.

This struggle, it said, is a sacred national salvation struggle against the gang of traitors and for defence of the dignity of the nation and the sovereignty of the country and a righteous democratic struggle, a just struggle and a resourceful patriotic struggle for the realisation of the country's reunification.

The statement went on:

Worse still, the rascals are working overtime to impose penalties upon south Korean patriotic students and democratic figures, even upon religionists on groundless charges of being "communists." "Anti-communism," originally, is a worn-out method which the Pak Jung Hi military gangsters have employed whenever they found themselves in a predicament while in power for 13 years.

The statement continued:

The struggle of the south Korean youth and students and people for democratic freedom and rights, national sovereignty and the independent and peaceful reunification of the country is by no means a "crime" and those who must be put on trial by the people and be punished in the name of the nation are none other than the Pak Jung Hi clique, the truculent fascist hangmen and despicable traitors.

The south Korean patriotic youth and students and people of all walks of life should rally closer under the banner of anti-fascism and democracy and powerfully wage the righteous struggle to have the patriotic students and democratic figures illegally arrested by the fascist hangmen released, smash the fascist "revitalized" dictatorial system and win the rights of the masses of the people to existence and their democratic rights including the freedom of speech, press, assembly, association and demonstration.

At the same time, the south Korean youth and students and people should turn out as one in the sacred patriotic struggle to win the national dignity and sovereignty against the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists who are zealously shoring up the fascist rule of the Pak Jung Hi clique.

We will resolutely support and encourage with might and main, with warm feelings of kindred fighting in the same rank, the righteous national salvation struggle of the south Korean brothers conforming with the interests of the country and the nation and always stand firm on the side of the fighting south Korean people.

Over 12,000 Koreans Here Demonstrate For Reunification

Today, all Chongryun (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) workers and Korean compatriots are vigorously unfolding their work for the "Months for Patriotic Movements to Accelerate the Independent, Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland" (June 1-September 30, this year).

In this surging atmosphere, a central meeting of Korean citizens in Japan was held on June 3 at the Hibiya Open-Air Amphitheatre in Tokyo in order to roundly denounce the barbarous suppression of the south Korean people by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the truculent stooges of the U.S. imperialists, and to actively support and encourage the anti-fascist and democratic struggle of south Korean youth, students and patriotic people.

Seated on the platform at the meeting were three vice-Chairmen of the CSC of Chongryun—Li Jin Gyu, Hong Bong Su and Pak Jae Ro—and its department chiefs and other leading members.

Vice-Chairman Hong Bong Su made a speech before over 12,000 Korean compatriots from the Kanto district, who has powerfully launched their four months work.

In his speech, he exposed to the world ferocious atrocities committed by the Pak rascals and appealed to all the participants to rise up as one in a struggle to promote national reunification under the banner of great Kim Il Sung-ism.

The representatives of youth, women, merchants and industrialists and pressmen took the rostrum in turn. They unanimously expressed their firm resolve to devote themselves entirely to energetically supporting the struggle of the south Korean people and to accelerateing the reunification of the country according to the teachings of President Kim Il Sung, and vehemently denounced the barbarous acts by Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Guests from various Japanese political parties and public organizations also extended greetings at the meeting. In their speeches, they unanimously attacked the suppressive measures taken by the Pak Jung Hi clique and expressed their firm resolve to support the patriotic struggle of the south Korean people.

The meeting reverently adopted amid the thunderous applause a letter to President Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved leader of the Korean people and the benevolent father of all the Korean compatriots in Japan, with all the participants' boundless adoration for him and with their fresh determination to realize national reunification.

After the meeting, all the participants demonstrated in downtown Tokyo with an ardent desire for Korea's reunification and surging national indignation at the Pak murderers, carrying streamers reading, "Let's Support and Encourage the Patriotic Struggle of the South Korean People," "We Resolutely Denounce the Suppression of the South Korean People by Pak Jung Hi Gangsters," "American Government Must Accept Proposals Made by the DPRK", "Korea Is One!" "U.S. Aggressor Troops, Get Out of South Korea at Once!" and so on.

Good-minded Tokyoites warmly supported demonstrating Koreans here, calling for the independent, peaceful reunification of Korea.

Similar meetings were held on the same day in main cities throughout this country.

Over 12,000 Korean residents are seen demonstrating through main streets of Tokyo on June 3 to drive U.S. imperialism out of south Korea for an early reunification of Korea.

Overseas Koreans Continue Anti-Pak Drive

Anti-Pak Jung Hi south Koreans in Japan expressed a scathing criticism of the murderous "trial" of a south Korean democratic figure Kim Dae Jung by the puppet fascist clique in Seoul.

Appearing in the "court" in the city on June 5, Kim Dae Jung flatly denied all the "charges" brought against him by the Pak Jung Hi clique and renewed his resistance against fascism.

Former "presidential candidate" who almost defeated the puppet in the last "election," Kim Dae Jung, faced with the threat to his life, went abroad as an exile and continued anti-Pak activities for democracy and reunification with overwhelming public support.

He was kidnapped on August 8 last year from a hotel in Tokyo to Seoul to be kept under house arrest by the south Korean "Central Intelligence Agency," while in exile in this country.

Since then he has been made virtually "non-person" in political terms, subject to fascist torture.

Mindan (the "ROK" Residents Association in Japan) people on June 3 distributed leaflets to the Tokyoites, appealing for their support to the campaign to rescue Kim Dae Jung.

The streamer in photo reads: "Japanese Government Should Assume Full Responsibility for Kim Dae Jung Abduction Case!"

S. Korean Democracy-Reunification Cong. Here

The Japanese headquarters of the Mindan-lined "National Congress for Restoration of Democracy in South Korea and Promotion of Reunification" made public on May 27 a statement denouncing the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique for plotting to impose penalties on patriotic south Korean students and public figures of broad circles by putting them on murderous trials on charges of involvement in the "case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy."

The statement exposed that the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique were fabricating facts to link the Japanese students, whom they arrested on charges of involvement in the "case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy," with the "National Congress for Restoration of Democracy in South Korea and Promotion of Reunification." "The Pak Jung Hi fascist clique are lapsing into utter delirium," said the statement.

It went on:

The struggle of the south Korean students and people is a just struggle to restore their lost freedom and democracy and defend the dignity of the nation; it has been caused by the tyrannic rule of the Pak Jung Hi "regime."

The Pak Jung Hi dictatorial "regime" is trying to create the impression in a far-fetched way that the movement of the south Korean people is being manipulated from outside and to link it with the director of the organizing department of the Japanese headquarters of the "National Congress for Restoration of Democracy in South Korea and Promotion of Reunification." This is intended to hoodwink the south Korean compatriots. It also seeks in this the heinous scheme to drive a wedge between overseas compatriots and south Korean compatriots and between them and the Japanese people for fear of the influence of the movement for the restoration of democracy and the acceleration of unification daily strengthening among overseas compatriots upon south Korea. By linking the "National Congress for Restoration of Democracy in South Korea and Promotion of Reunification" with this case, it discloses its intention to trap and punish Mr. Kim Dae Jung, its chairman.

Those who must be judged and punished are none other than the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique who sell the country and the nation to outside forces and murder guiltless people at random.

The statement stressed that with no deception or intimidation can the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique veil their crimes or evade judgement by the people.

Eight Mindan Bodies

Eight organizations, splinter groups within Mindan (the "ROK" Residents Association in Japan), on June 2 afternoon issued a joint statement, denouncing the Kim Dae Jung "trial" as a fascist act of violence.

Branding the issuance of summonses to Kim Dae Jung as an unjustifiable act, the statement rejected the "charges against election frauds" as totally unfounded and malicious frame-up and went on to expose the ulterior designs on the part of the puppet clique to deprive him of the qualifications to go abroad and then implicate him in the "case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy" in a "mass indictment."

The statement noted with particular emphasis the timing of the "trial" by bringing absurd "charges" against him over the 1967 "national assembly election" and the 1971 "presidential election" and linked it to the dirty and illicit relations between the Japanese authorities and the puppet clique intent on the "political settlement" of the case.

The statement called upon the Japanese Government to take immediate steps to have Kim Dae Jung come to Japan and held the government responsible for the current attempt to put him on "trial."

The eight organizations included the Japanese headquarters of the "National Congress for Restoration of Democracy in South Korea and Promotion of Reunification," the Measures Committee to Rescue Mr. Kim Dae Jung and the Tokyo Metropolitan headquarters of Mindan.

"ROK" Youth League In Japan

The announced "trial" prompted members of the "ROK" Youth League in Japan to demonstrate in front of the puppet "embassy" in Tokyo on June 4.

Lodging a strongly-worded protest with the puppet "embassy" the youth demanded an immediate revisit of Kim Dae Jung to Japan and release of the arrested south Korean youth and students on "charges of being involved with the case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy."

Koreans in U.S.

According to reports reaching Tokyo from the U.S., the Korean-U.S. Citizens Committee to Protect Mr. Kim Dae Jung issued on June 3 a statement and stressed the safety of Kim Dae Jung is important to the struggle of the south Koreans for democracy. The statement blasted the barbarous act of fascism by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Rodong Sinmun Calls for Smashing Fascist Clique's "Mass Trial" of Patriots

POYNGYANG, May 31 (KCNA) —The Pak Jung Hi military fascist bandits charged south Korean patriotic youth, students, politicians, teachers, company employes, entrepreneurs, traders, writers, men of the press and religionists, 1,024 all told, with involvement in the so-called "case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy," transferred 253 of them to the "prosecution section of the extraordinary military tribunal" on faked-up charges of "violating emergency measures Nos. Four and One," "national security law" and "anti-communist law," "plotting a rebellion" and "agitating for a rebellion" and brought 54 of them as the first group under "military tribunal." Leading papers here today carry editorial articles pungently denouncing this heinous repressive outrage of the fascist hooligans.

An editorial article of Rodong Sinmun (organ of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea) headlined "Smash the Sinister Scheme of Fascist Hangmen to Punish South Korean Youth, Students and Patriots" says:

This vicious plot to punish patriots in group once again reveals the hateful ogreish nature of the Pak Jung Hi clique, a gang of military rogues and truculent fascist hangmen.

The Pak Jung Hi clique arbitrarily forged "results of the investigation" and published it 55 days after they rigged up the "case." This is a most despicable and vicious fascist intrigue to inflict harsh penalties on preposterous "charges" upon the south Korean youth, students and patriotic people of various strata who had carried on just activities for the democratization of society and the reunification of the country.

This is one more large-scale reactionary offensive against the south Korean people who oppose fascist terrorism and aspire after democracy, oppose the national split and aspire after the reunification of the country and an open challenge to the Korean people and human conscience which loves justice and truth.

We brand the plots of the Pak Jung Hi clique to punish and murder on faked-up "charges" a large number of south Korean youth, students and patriots through "military tribunal" as the last kick of the doomed, thrice-cursed rowdyism of the military fascist bandits going against the aspirations of the nation and the demands of the times and unpardonable murderous act of vampires thirsty for human blood and pungently condemn and denounce this atrocity with surging national indignation and indict the fascist hangmen to the whole world for their barbarity.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"The struggle of the south Korean people is a patriotic struggle for saving the country and the nation and reunifying the fatherland and a just struggle directly related to the vital interests of the nation."

The south Korean youth and students who held high the torch of anti-fascism and democracy in October last year grasped in the course of their struggle the truth that they should make their fighting ranks more organised to counter the vicious fascist offensive of the Pak Jung Hi chique. Thus they formed an organisation of patriotic students and waged a mass struggle under the slogans "Opposition to Revitalised Dictatorship," "Restoration of Democracy," "Improvement of the People's Hard Life" and "Opposition to Dependence on Outside Forces," taking joint action and joint step among universities and regions.

This is their vital demand.

The Pak Jung Hi clique have enforced the heinous military fascist dictatorship over the south Korean people already for 13 years. It has become all the more vicious since the brigandish "October revitalisation" was carried out at the point of the bayonet.

It is because of the Pak Jung Hi clique's fascistization of south Korea and pro-U.S. and pro-Japanese treacheries that the south Korean people demand the democratization of society and oppose dependence upon outside forces. It is because of the Pak Jung Hi clique's scheme to freeze the division that the people call for reunification.

The puppets have plunged the people into the mire of destitution and are engrossed in corruption. This compels the people to struggle to free themselves from the hardships of living and realize social justice.

This is a righteous and patriotic act. It is clear to everyone that this can in no way be a "crime."

The Pak Jung Hi gang of murderers arrested on false charges of "attempt at a rebellion" and "rebellion plot" more than one thousand south Korean students who had called for democracy and national reunification and are putting them to barbaric torture and working round the clock to inflict penalties upon many patriots. Such barbarity is unknown in history and without precedent in south Korea. This only exposes that the Pak Jung Hi gang is the strangler of democracy and the arch enemy of national reunification. The Pak Jung Hi murderers brandishing bayonets against the patriotic people, betraying the fatherland and the people, are never-to-be-pardoned traitors who should be sternly judged by the people.

The U.S. imperialists, in the grip of the serious crisis of the colonial rule in face of the staunch struggle of the people for national reunification, are frantically egging the puppets onto the suppression of the people in an attempt to seek a way out in emasculating and stifling the patriotic forces of south Korea.

Lashing out at the Pak Jung Hi traitors for shamelessly spreading the whopping lie that the democratic and patriotic movement of the south Korean students and people was instigated by someone, the article goes on:

The struggle of the south Korean people is an inevitable outcome of the treachery and fascist tyranny of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the faithful stooges of the U.S. and Japanese aggressors. It is dictated by a high degree of awareness and firm faith of the south Korean students and people that freedom and liberation can be achieved only through their own struggle. The Pak Jung Hi murderers are letting out an absurd piffle about "political affiliation" and the like to attribute the logical result of their crimes to someone. This is no more than the fascist frenzy of the gang of murderers and the desperate fit of the traitors to seek the permanent division of the country.

The fascist frenzy and treachery of the Pak Jung Hi gang of murderers arrested on false charges of "attempt at a rebellion" and "rebellion plot" more than one thousand south Korean students who had called for democracy and national reunification and are putting them to barbaric torture and working round the clock to inflict penalties upon many patriots. Such barbarity is unknown in history and without precedent in south Korea. This only exposes that the Pak Jung Hi gang is the strangler of democracy and the arch enemy of national reunification. The Pak Jung Hi murderers brandishing bayonets against the patriotic people, betraying the fatherland and the people, are never-to-be-pardoned traitors who should be sternly judged by the people.

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The fascist frenzy and treachery of the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits which have reached the zenith found more vivid manifestation in the fact that the gangsters, not content with arresting more than 1,000 south Korean students and people on charges of involvement in the fictitious "case," brought charges against compatriots abroad and even Japanese students in south Korea, and are persecuting them and trying to inflict penalties upon them.

The article stresses:

With nothing, however, can the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique justify their fascist plot to punish students and people on faked-up "charges" or veil their true color as the strangler of democracy, heinous splitters and traitors. The scoundrels' fascist repression and intrigues will only hasten their self-destruction.

The Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits must put an immediate end to the diabolical, murderous trials to punish and murder in group south Korean students and people of all walks of life who had waged a just struggle for freedom and democracy, dignity of the nation and national reunification and unconditionally and immediately release the illegally arrested patriots.

The south Korean students and people, holding higher the banner of anti-fascism and democracy, will struggle more staunchly for the overthrow of the fascist rule and the release of the arrested patriots and for democracy and national reunification and thus discharge with credit the noble duty they have assumed before the time and the nation, says the article.

Korean People Watch U.S. War Moves: DPRK Foreign Ministry

PYONGYANG, May 31 (KCNA)—The entire Korean people are closely watching with heightened vigilance the war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys.

The U.S. imperialists must stop at once the reckless manoeuvres of aggression and war, act with discretion and pull out of south Korea taking along their aggressor troops and equipment.

So declares the spokesman of the Foreign Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in a statement issued on May 31 in connection with the fact that lately the U.S. imperialists are reinforcing U.S. armed forces in south Korea and aggravating the situation in Korea still further.

The statement says:

The U.S. imperialists announced that they would shift a squadron of sophisticated "F-4 Phantom" fighter-bombers from Thailand to south Korea and are ranting that as these fighter planes are "higher performance" planes, the effect will be produced on "U.S. fighter capability" in south Korea.

They also announced that in the future there would be "some shift" of U.S. armed forces from Taiwan.

The U.S. imperialists' introduction of aggressor armed forces into south Korea is a link in their criminal moves to key up the tension and speed up war preparations in Korea.

The statement recalls that the Third Session of the Fifth Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea put forward a proposal to conclude a peace agreement between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the United States to create prerequisites for the removal of tension in Korea and the acceleration of Korea's independent and peaceful reunification and that we are making efforts to realise this proposal. The criminal acts the U.S. imperialists are committing at such a time have evoked surging indignation among the Korean people and the peace-loving people the world over, the statement notes.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people pungently denounce the U.S. imperialists' new manoeuvres for arms reinforcement as an unpardonable challenge to the entire Korean people and the peace-loving people throughout the world, the statement declares, and continues:

The U.S. imperialists' introduction of armed forces of aggression again into south Korea this time proceeds from their sinister aim to keep hold on south Korea by hook or by crook and use it as a foothold in their aggression on the northern half of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and Asian countries.

In an attempt to veil this criminal aggressive manoeuvring the U.S. imperialists foolishly try to make it appear as if the shift of U.S. armed forces to south Korea were "trading off for another one set of weapons systems" of U.S. military forces occupying south Korea.

This is nothing but a trite ruse employed by the U.S. imperialists to cover up their aggression and war preparations.

While announcing the shift of a squadron of fighter-bombers to south Korea, the U.S. imperialists blared that "time would come" when the Self-Defence Forces of Japan, "expanded on a large-scale," would carry through the "mission outside the territorial limits of Japan" for "regional security."

This is an open revelation of the U.S. imperialists' intention to actively mobilize and use the Japanese militarists overheated with a wild ambition for overseas expansion in their aggression on Korea and Asia.

It is not fortuitous that recently the Japanese Ambassador to south Korea unhesitatingly committed such act as inspecting a south Korean puppet army unit.

Facts show that the U.S. imperialists are rushing with frenzy along the road of aggression and war provocation, obstructing the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea and aggravating the tension in Korea.

Should the U.S. imperialists keep following the road of aggression and war as they do now in defiance of our repeated warnings, they will meet only a heavier defeat, the statement warns in conclusion.

Why Japanese "Envoy" in DMZ?

Ushiroku, Japanese "Ambassador" to south Korea, leading seven "embassy staffers," "inspected" the "foremost post" of a unit of the puppet marine corps May 29, at which he looked in "every nook and corner" of the barracks, inciting war fever, according to a report from Seoul.

And such riffraffs as the "commander" of the puppet army "unit" and "commanding officers of different ranks" and "staff officers" turned out and made a show of themselves, "welcoming" the Japanese master and his entourage and "making a report about the situation of the unit" to him.

It is rare to be seen in the diplomatic practice for a foreign ambassador to show up at a foremost post and trenches of another's land and receive a report, ask questions and whip up war hysteria. Such thing is possible only between the master and the lackey.

The Japanese militarists have of late become more outspoken in revealing their wish to see the permanent division of Korea, not her independent and peaceful reunification, and their sinister desire to rule south Korea.

Ushiroku's act was part of the premeditated moves of the Japanese militarists to incite the south Korean bellicose elements to war preparations against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and increase tension to perpetuate Korea's division and extend their heinous reinvasion scheme even to the military field by jointly dominating south Korea with the U.S. imperialists.

The Japanese militarists are sticking tighter to the hostile policy against the DPRK, styling themselves as the core elements in carrying the "Nixon doctrine" into practice in Korea and a protector of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique. Facts clearly show that the Japanese militarists remain a foe, as they were in the past, of the genuine cause of peace of the Korean and Japanese peoples and all other Asian peoples and are very dangerous rascals who play a double game.

If the Japanese militarists continue to venture a ridiculous provocation, blind to the trend of the changed time, they will meet their final destruction never to revive.

Pyongyang Youths Observe 10th Anniv. Of June 3 S. Korean Students Struggle

PYONGYANG, June 4 (KCNA)—A report meeting of youth and students in Pyongyang was held with large attendance at the theatre of the Pyongyang Students and Children's Palace on June 3 on the occasion of the tenth anniversary of the June 3 struggle of south Korean students.

Placed with due respect on the platform of the meeting hall was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people.

Present at the report meeting were Comrade So Chol; Hong Gi Mun, Chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland; Ho Jong Suk, Director of the Secretariat of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland; Kang Jang Su, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Chondoist Chongu Party; Kim Song Ryul, vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Korean Democratic Party; Presidium Members of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland; and personages concerned and youth and students.

Li Yong Bok, Chairman of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth, made a report at the meeting.

The reporter said:

The June 3 struggle of the south Korean students was a massive struggle against fascism and for democracy which exploded against the treacherous "ROK-Japan talks" 10 years ago. This struggle recorded a proud page in the history of the south Korean people's national-salvation struggle against the U.S. and Japanese imperialists and their stooges.

The reporter went on:

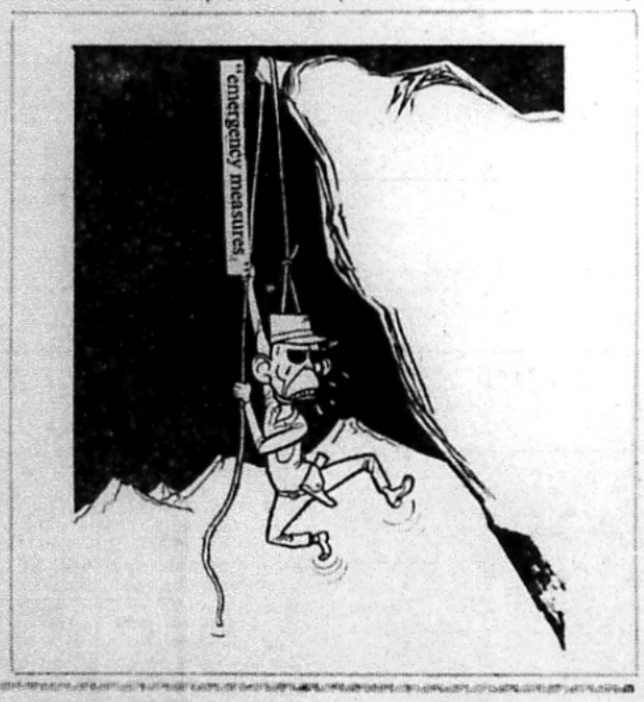
The whole course of the June 3 struggle showed that, in order to achieve freedom and liberation and the cause of peaceful reunification of the country, the south Korean students should firmly unite with the workers and peasants and all other anti-imperialist, anti-fascist patriotic forces of south Korea under the leadership of a revolutionary party which takes the great *Juche* idea as its guiding principle and deploy a powerful common front and wage an organised struggle.

At the same time, the June 3 struggle taught that they should wage to the end in a thoroughgoing way the struggle which they began, not stopping at temporary successes in the decisive battle against aggressors and traitors, and develop it to make a clean sweep of the traitors in south Korea and thoroughly liquidate the colonial rule itself.

The reporter lashed out at the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who fabricated the "case of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification," the "spy ring case of students" and various kinds of other "cases" and brutally killed and punished a large number of the south Korean patriots and people under the "Anti-Communist Law" and have arrested and detained over 1,000 patriotic youth and students and people on charges of involvement in the "case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy" and are scheming to punish them en masse.

The reporter extended warm support and militant encouragement to the righteous and patriotic struggle of the south Korean youth and students and people in the name of the entire youth and students in the northern half of the Republic.

In conclusion, the reporter called upon the south Korean youth and students and people to fight more vigorously to drive the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of south Korea, frustrate the reinvasion machinations of the Japanese militarists and achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.



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Public response to the fascist trial of a south Korean democratic figure Kim Dae Jung is spontaneous and bitter when the news spread here.

Prof. Samuel J. Noumoff, Associate Director of the Centre for East Asia Studies, McGill University, Montreal, commented:

The repressive apparatus of the Pak Jung Hi "regime" has again exposed its true nature to the people of Korea and the people of the world. The latest example of their distortion is the announced trial of Kim Dae Jung for the "election fraud."

Pak's continued survival can only be based on the intensity of the fascist rule. Trial must be open trial, so all the world can see at first hand. But the criminal is Pak, not Kim.

Kawasaki Kanji, Director of the International Department of the Japan Socialist Party, said:

Our party strongly demands that the Japanese Government use its influence on the Pak "regime" to enable Mr. Kim Dae Jung to go abroad, realise immediate release of the two Japanese students, Hayakawa and Tachikawa, and quickly stop extending "economic aid" to Pak Jung Hi.

Okimoto Yasuyuki, Member of the Upper House from the Komei (Clean Government) Party, said:

Pak Jung Hi is going to put Kim Dae Jung to a murderous trial. The true aim of this step is to dampen the rapidly growing anti-fascist struggle for democratization and suppress the democratic forces of south Korea.

Pak Bandits Viciously Implicate Kim Dae Jung

The Pak Jung Hi military fascist bandits who had kidnapped south Korean democratic figure Kim Dae Jung from Japan and harshly persecuted him, placing him in detention, decided to bring him to "trial" on alleged charges of "election law violations" and "ordered him to appear in court" on June 5, according to foreign press reports.

This shows that the reactionary offensive of these gangsters to eliminate democratic figures and their political opponents in south Korea and realise the wild ambition for long term office has reached a graver stage.

The respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung has taught:

"The south Korean authorities are still today persisting in the manoeuvres to perpetuate the national split and the policy of dependence upon outside forces and harshly repressing the democratic figures and patriotic student youth of south Korea who call for national reunification and democracy."

Today the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who are in the grip of a serious crisis, isolated within and without, running wild as never before in an attempt to find a way out in persistently clinging to the scheme to perpetuate the split of the nation and the policy of dependence upon outside forces on the one hand and further intensifying on the other the fascist repression of the patriotic and democratic forces of south Korea who advocate the democratisation of society and the reunification of the country.

The order to Kim Dae Jung to appear in "court" is a concrete expression of such despicable and pernicious scheme of the puppet gangsters.

The Pak Jung Hi fascist gangsters, regarding as a thorn in the flesh Kim Dae Jung who appeared as a political force posing a threat to the fascist system, have viciously schemed to repress and get rid of him.

This was the reason why the gangsters kidnapped Kim Dae Jung who was in exile in Japan. And this was proved by the whole course of the most shameless international gangsterism ever known in history—they sent agents of the "Central Intelligence Agency" and spirited him to south Korea by most despicable methods, squandering millions of *won* from "the state treasury."

In a great hurry, now, 10 months after they kidnapped Kim Dae Jung to south Korea from Japan, the gangsters summoned him to murderous court. This shows that frightened by the rapidly mounting struggle of the south Korean people against fascism and for democracy, they are going to punish Kim Dae Jung by all means in an attempt to threaten the patriots and democratic figures of south Korea and put down their fighting spirit.

As for violations of the 1967 "presidential and national assembly elections" and the 1971 "presidential elections" which the fascist bandits are using as a pretext to punish Kim Dae Jung, it was not Kim Dae Jung but Pak Jung Hi himself who violated the so-called "election law."

They try to hold "trial," charging others with the "election law violations" like a thief calling others "thief," after they committed all sorts of irregularity and fraud and several years after the "elections" at that. This is an act which can be committed only by such hateful, shameless swindlers as the Pak Jung Hi clique.

Traitor Pak Jung Hi's Indelible Crimes against Nation

Pak Jung Hi—National Splittist (10)

(Continued from the previous issue)

Moreover the war provocations by the Seoul warmongers have been intensified this year particularly.

Between January 1 and March 31, they violated the armistice agreement on more than 4,000 occasions at the instigation of the U.S. aggressors. During the period, especially, espionage acts against the northern half of the DPRK have been conducted by the enemies from the air and the sea, with their aircraft including "S.R.-71s" frequently infiltrating into the territorial sky of the north.

On the other hand, the Pak Jung Hi military gang carried out large-scale military maneuvers—"anti-air firing exercises" in February along the coastal areas of south Korea, the "ROK-U.S. mobile exercise" and other joint exercises in March and April. The aircraft carrier "Midway" belonging to the U.S. 7th Fleet was brought there from Yokosuka, its home port in Ja an, to participate in the mobile exercise.

In the past, too, the U.S. aggressors and their stooges constantly perpetrated their reckless war provocations against the north.

In 1962, they infiltrated a large fleet of 20 vessels into the territorial waters of the DPRK off Chongjin; in January, 1967, "escort boat No. 56" into the territorial waters of the DPRK; in January, 1968, the armed spy ship "Pueblo"; and in April, 1969, a large reconnaissance plane "E.C.-121" into the territorial airspace.

These reckless war rackets result in the present acute tension in Korea.

8) Enemy of Korean Nation

Korea's 29-year old split results from the American imperialists' occupation of its southern part.

President Kim Il Sung had this comment:

"The responsibility for the failure up to now to achieve the reunification of our country rests with the U.S. imperialists who have occupied south Korea by force of arms and have been pursuing a policy of splitting our nation, and with such traitors as Pak Jung Hi, the reactionary bureaucrats, the political quacks and impostors who, hand in glove with the U.S. imperialists, are bartering away the interests of the nation."

Successive south Korean stooges who have been fostered by the U.S. imperialists have continuously put up all sorts of deceptive slogans which they call "unification slogan"—"unification under the supervision of the United Nations," "unification by marching north," "unification by prevailing over communism" and "peaceful and independent unification." After all, today, Pak Jung Hi, king of kings among the puppets, has gone the length of clamouring about "two Koreas" with the backing of his masters—the U.S. imperialists and Japanese militarists, finally exposing himself as a splittist.

After taking power by force in 1961 under the aegis of the U.S. imperialists, the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique launched the unheard-of sanguinary, fascist suppression of the people calling for democracy and national reunification.

The fascist hooligans banned the "Minjok Ilbo," an organ of the "Federation for Independent National Unification"—a united front of south Korea's progressive political and democratic forces; and brutally executed Cho Yong Su, president of the daily and three other journalists on groundless charges of committing "treasonable acts." They had fought for the south Korean revolution and national reunification.

Furthermore, they murdered Choe Gun U, chairman of the "Socialist Party," on charges of calling for reunification—his demands were "Oppose the military pact with the United States," "Against outlawing the Communist Party in an election for national reunification," "For direct intercourse between north and south Korea through correspondence, personal exchange and trade" and so on. And on the same charges, they inflicted a heavy punishment on the managing editor of a daily, "Kukje Sinbo."

The fascist murderers have not hesitated to arrest or kill revolutionaries and patriots, including members of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification who fought for the south Korean revolution and the independent reunification of the country at the risk of their lives.

In such an atmosphere, Pak Jung Hi twaddled at a press conference given on June 8, 1966, "The question of north-south reunification should be discussed on a full scale in the later half of the 1970s" and "Any negotiations with the north before that is unthinkable."

In keeping with Pak's statement, then chairman of the "Democratic Republican Party" Kim Jong Pil unfolded anti-unification campaigns throughout south Korea, saying, "At present any kind of north-south intercourse is impossible," and "We must tackle the unification question as if we were waging a hundred years' war."

Furthermore, for the purpose of appeasing the urgent demand of the people for national reunification, the traitorous bandits set up on March 1, 1969, a "national unification council." But, it is actually aimed to perpetuate the division, not to promote the unification. This is clear from its principal function that it is mainly designed to inculcate anti-communist ideas in the minds of people, collect information on the north and to impose their deceptive "unification program" on the population.

While making frantic efforts to lay obstacles in the way of reunification, Pak Jung Hi suddenly called for what he termed a "peaceful unification" in his "congratulatory speech" made on August 15, 1970 at a ceremony to celebrate the anniversary of Korea's liberation from Japanese colonial rule.

With this farce, the Seoul clique intended to appease the south Koreans' aspirations after national reunification and deceive the world public. Nevertheless, they further pushed ahead with war preparations behind the smoke-screen of "peaceful reunification."

Moreover, under the veil of "peaceful unification," they persistently argued that "reunification would be possible in and after the later half of 1970s," clamouring about the outdated slogan "unification under the supervision of the United Nations"—a political slogan cooked up by the U.S. imperialists instead of the bankrupt plot to militarily invade the north, to put the whole of Korea under their control.

What is more, the puppet bandits have openly violated the north-south joint statement of July 4, 1972 ever since its publication.

The Seoul bandits under the wire-pulling of U.S. imperialism scrapped the north-south joint statement, saying that it is no more than a scrap of paper which is unbelievable. In June, 1973 they openly announced to the world a "policy" on fixing and perpetuating the national split.

The Seoul puppet clique asserted that north and south Korea should enter the United Nations separately.

The nation-splitting plot of the puppet bandits are a product of the "two Koreas" policy of the U.S. imperialists. The plot was brought forward by the foreign aggressors with a sinister aim to keep hold on south Korea at least, as they found it impossible to realize their wild design to turn the whole of Korea into their colony.

As well, the Japanese militarists become active in the plot to create "two Koreas," while stepping up their reinvasion of south Korea in collusion with the U.S. imperialists.

Thus, Korea stands on the edge of a permanent division, because of the machinations of the domestic and foreign splittists to perpetuate national division.

(To be continued)

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